**ABSTRACT** 

Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) is a wireless infrastructure network that consists

of a group of node sensors placed in a specific area, for monitoring and control that area. It

became important so a network sensor has efficient operational cost and good

performance. WSN, a technology that bridge real world with digital, is a phenomenon in

the industry either academic practice.

Still, there are problems in WSN which need further research, one of it is

performance. Network performance is based on QoS that depends on good networks. Good

performance indicated with a high value of throughput and low value of delay and

retransmission.

This research was analyzed QoS using PEGASIS (Power Efficient Gathering in

Sensor Information System) algorithm. PEGASIS is an algorithm that counts based on the

closest chain connection. Simulation was done using NS2 (Network Simulator 2) and

analyzing topology performance with the following parameter: throughput, delay, and

retransmition.

Keyword: Wireless Sensor Network, PEGASIS algorithm.

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